

SV7 Safety Valves

For use with steam and air



spirax
sarco

Spirax Sarco safety valves- pro

The SV7 safety valve range from Spirax Sarco has been designed to protect against excess pressure across a broad spectrum of industrial processes. Suitable for use with steam and air, SV7 safety valves provide a comprehensive and competitive solution to most applications.

Spirax Sarco safety valves are modern in design, available in a wide range of inlet sizes and body materials and are approved by National Board to ASME Section I and VIII.

Protecting People

A company's most valued asset is secure in the knowledge that their safety has been put first.

Protecting Plant

Safeguard plant against major damage from excess pressure and ensure continued efficient production.

Protecting Profit

Major shutdowns interfere with production and lose customers. A continuous supply of products protects a company's image and profits.

SV73 and SV74 Safety Valves

Quality Comes As Standard

Safety valves protect people, plant, and profit so there should be no compromise on quality when selecting a valve.

The SV7 range of safety valves from Spirax Sarco meet the exacting standards laid down by ASME Sections I and VIII, and their performance has been witnessed and approved by The National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors.

The quality of shut-off tightness is a critical feature of any safety valve. Each Spirax Sarco safety valve is tested to ensure that the integrity of shut-off complies to the oil and petrochemical industry standard, as laid down by the American Petrochemical Institute, API 527.

Cast iron and steel construction.

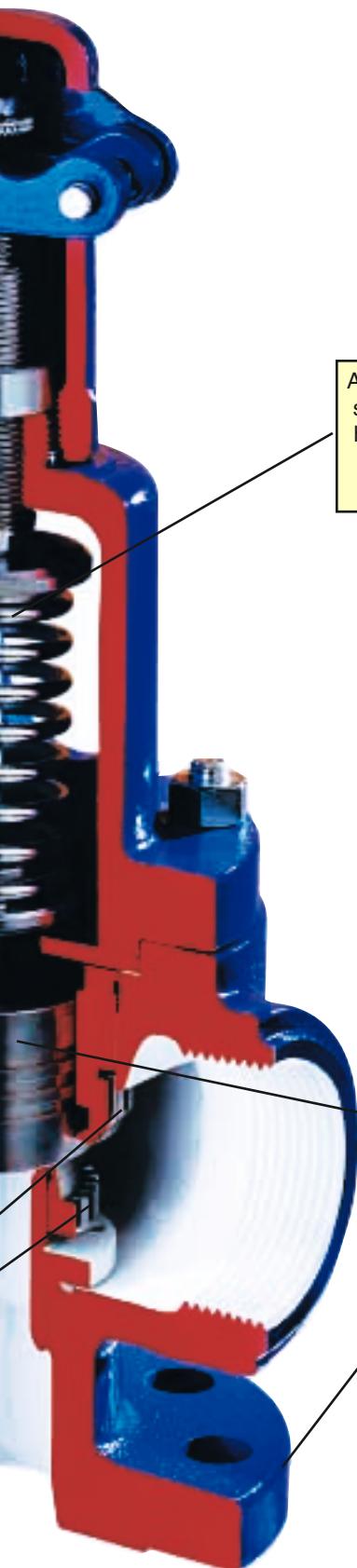
High capacity semi-nozzle design available in eleven orifice sizes.

Two control rings assure maximum performance and adjustability.



The Spirax Sarco safety valve range

Model	SV73	SV74	SV75
Type	ASME I ASME VIII	ASME I ASME VIII	ASME I ASME VIII
Inlet sizes	1-1/2" to 6"	1-1/2" to 6"	1/2" to 2-1/2"
Set pressure	15 - 250 psi	15 - 300 psi	15 - 250 psi
Connections	Screwed NPT/ Flanged ANSI	Flanged ANSI	Screwed NPT
Body material	Cast iron	Carbon steel	Cast bronze



Aluminized carbon steel spring gives stability at high temperatures and eliminates spring relaxation.

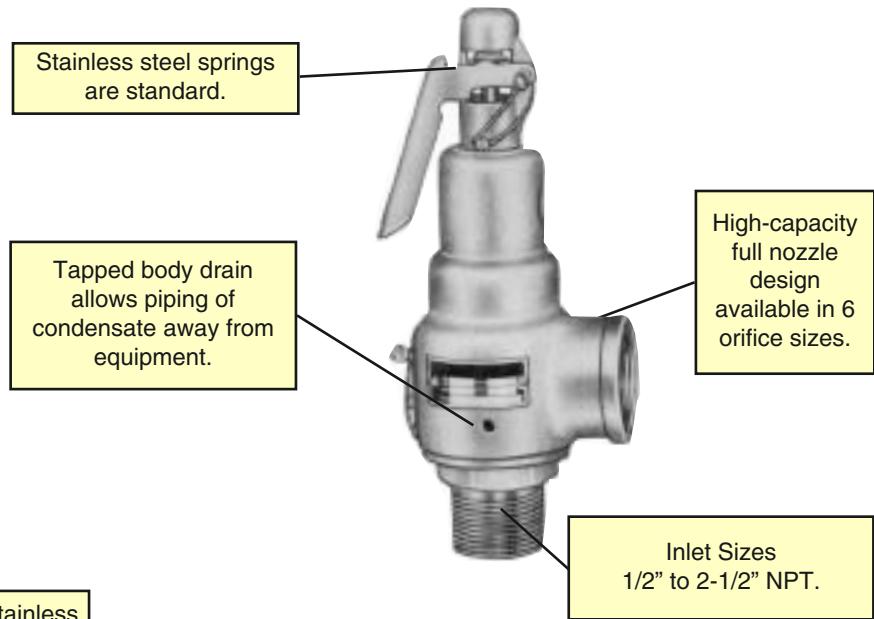
Stainless steel springs are standard.

Tapped body drain allows piping of condensate away from equipment.

All valve trim of stainless steel construction, lapped to optical flatness.

Inlet sizes 1-1/2" to 6".

SV75 Safety Valves

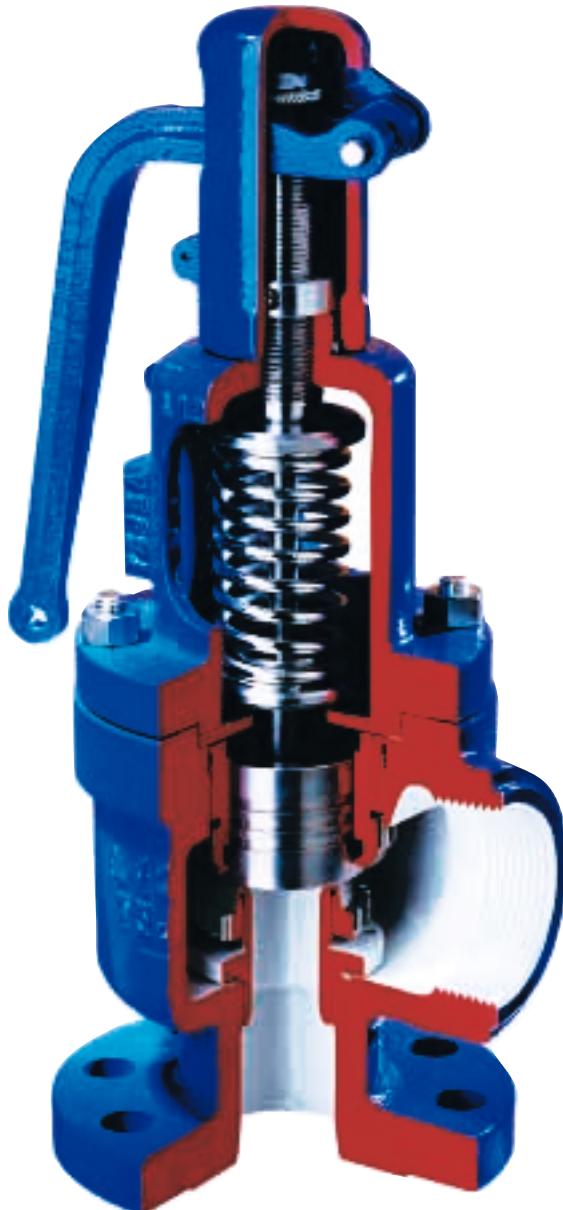


User benefits

- Off-the-shelf availability.
- Independently approved performance.
- API 527 shut-off tightness.
- Spirax Sarco's guarantee of world-wide technical support, knowledge, and service.

Technical Information

SV73/74 Safety Valves



Description

The SV73 series valves are built in conformance to Section I and VIII of the ASME boiler and pressure vessel code. They are constructed from cast iron with stainless steel trim. They are primarily intended for use on power boilers and unfired pressure vessels where ASME Section I and VIII stamped valves are required.

The SV74 series valves are built in conformance to Section I and VIII of the ASME boiler and pressure vessel code. They are constructed from cast steel with stainless steel trim. They are primarily intended for use on power boilers and unfired pressure vessels where ASME Section I and VIII stamped valves are required.

Sizes and pipe connections

SV73

1-1/2" x 2-1/2" to 3" x 4"	inlet/outlet screwed female NPT.
1-1/2" x 2-1/2" to 3" x 4"	inlet flanged ANSI class 250, outlet screwed female NPT.
3" x 4" to 6" x 8"	inlet flanged ANSI class 250, outlet flanged ANSI class 250.

SV74

1-1/2" x 2" to 6" x 8"	inlet flanged ANSI class 300, outlet flanged ANSI class 150.
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Limiting conditions for steam, air, and gas service

SV73

PMO - Maximum operating pressure	250 psig	(17 bar g)
TMO - Maximum operating temperature	406°F	(208°C)

SV74

PMO - Maximum operating pressure	300 psig	(20.7 bar g)
TMO - Maximum operating temperature	422°F	(217°C)

Materials of Construction

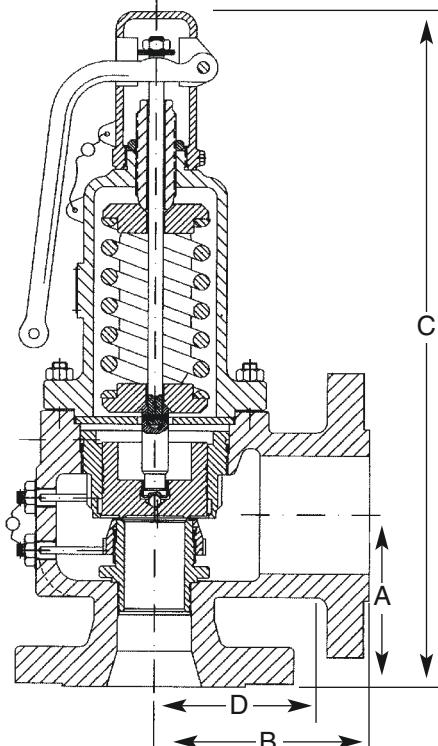
Part	SV73	SV74
Seat	ASTM A351 Grade CF8	ASTM A479 Type 304
Body	ASTM A126 Class B	ASTM 216 Gr WCB
Bonnet	ASTM A126 Class B	ASTM 216 Gr WCB
Cap	Grey Iron	Grey Iron
Disc	ASTM A217 CA15	ASTM A479 Type 410

Orifice sizes, dimensions and weights

(approximate) in inches (mm) and lbs (kg)

SV73

Valve inlet size connection	Valve outlet size connection	Orifice	A	B	C	D	Weight (Kg)
1-1/2" NPT	2-1/2" NPT	J	4-1/4 (108)	-	15-3/4 (400)	3-1/2 (89)	28.0 (15.0)
2" NPT	3" NPT	K	4-5/8 (117)	-	17-3/8 (454)	4.0 (102)	42.0 (19.0)
2-1/2" NPT	4" NPT	L	5-1/2 (140)	-	19-1/2 (490)	4-7/8 (124)	65.0 (29.5)
3" NPT	4" NPT	M	5-5/8 (143)	-	24-1/2 (516)	5-1/8 (130)	75.0 (34.0)
1-1/2" ANSI 250	2-1/2" NPT	J	4-1/4 (108)	-	15-3/4 (400)	3-1/2 (89)	37.5 (17.0)
2" ANSI 250	2-1/2" NPT	J	4-1/4 (108)	-	15-3/4 (400)	3-1/2 (89)	38.5 (17.5)
2" ANSI 250	3" NPT	K	4-5/8 (117)	-	17-7/8 (454)	4.0 (102)	47.5 (21.5)
2-1/2" ANSI 250	3" NPT	K	4-5/8 (117)	-	17-7/8 (454)	4.0 (102)	48.5 (22.0)
2-1/2" ANSI 250	4" NPT	L	5-1/2 (140)	-	19-1/2 (495)	4-7/8 (124)	74.0 (33.5)
3" ANSI 250	4" NPT	L	5-5/8 (140)	-	19-1/2 (495)	4-7/8 (124)	75.0 (34.0)
3" ANSI 250	4" NPT	M	5-1/2 (143)	-	24-1/4 (516)	5-1/8 (130)	84.0 (38.0)
3" ANSI 250	4" ANSI 125	L	5-1/2 (140)	5-1/2 (140)	19-1/2 (495)	-	81.5 (37.0)
3" ANSI 250	4" ANSI 125	M	5-3/8 (143)	5-1/2 (140)	24-1/4 (516)	-	91.5 (41.5)
4" ANSI 250	6" ANSI 125	N	6-3/4 (171)	7-1/4 (184)	26-1/8 (654)	-	137.0 (62.0)
4" ANSI 250	6" ANSI 125	P	6-3/4 (171)	7-1/4 (184)	28-1/2 (725)	-	167.5 (76.0)
6" ANSI 250	8" ANSI 125	Q	9-1/4 (276)	9-1/4 (276)	34-1/2 (870)	-	331.0 (150.0)
6" ANSI 250	8" ANSI 125	R	10-7/8 (276)	10.0 (254)	43-7/8 (1115)	-	381.5 (173.0)



SV74

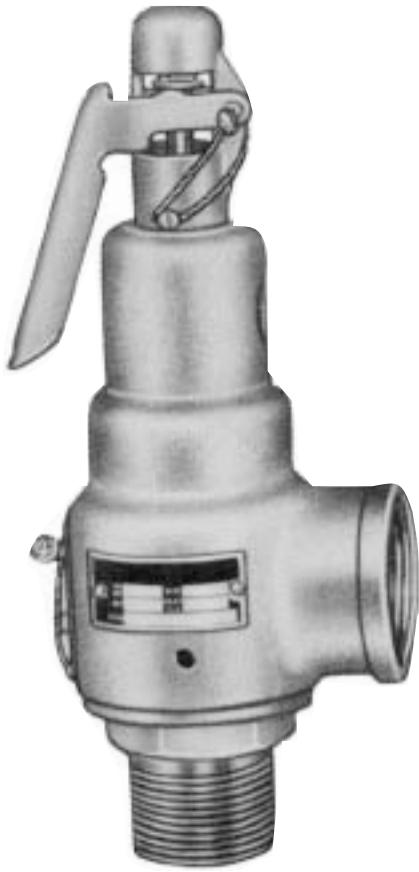
Valve inlet size connection	Valve outlet size connection	Orifice	A	B	C	Weight (Kg)
1-1/2" ANSI 300	2" ANSI 150	F	4-1/2 (114)	4-1/4 (108)	15-2/3 (385)	42.0 (19.0)
1-1/2" ANSI 300	2" ANSI 150	G	4-1/2 (114)	4-1/4 (108)	15-2/3 (385)	42.0 (19.0)
1-1/2" ANSI 300	2-1/2" ANSI 150	H	4-3/4 (121)	4-7/8 (124)	16-2/9 (412)	48.5 (22.0)
1-1/2" ANSI 300	2-1/2" ANSI 150	J	4-3/4 (121)	4-7/8 (124)	16-2/9 (412)	48.5 (22.0)
2" ANSI 300	3" ANSI 150	K	5-1/4 (133)	5-5/8 (143)	18-7/15 (469)	88.0 (40.0)
2-1/2" ANSI 300	4" ANSI 150	L	6-1/8 (156)	6-3/8 (162)	20-1/13 (510)	125.5 (57.0)
3" ANSI 300	4" ANSI 150	M	6-1/2 (165)	6-1/2 (165)	24-18/19 (634)	132.3 (60.0)
4" ANSI 300	6" ANSI 150	N	7-1/4 (184)	7-1/2 (191)	26-13/20 (677)	183.0 (83.0)
4" ANSI 300	6" ANSI 150	P	7-1/8 (181)	8-1/4 (210)	28-3/4 (730)	220.0 (100.0)
6" ANSI 300	8" ANSI 150	Q	9-7/8 (251)	9-3/8 (238)	34-7/9 (883)	430.0 (196.0)

Orifice sizes

- F = 0.646 Orifice area sq. in.
- G = 0.827 Orifice area sq. in.
- H = 1.035 Orifice area sq. in.
- J = 1.347 Orifice area sq. in.
- K = 1.967 Orifice area sq. in.
- L = 3.055 Orifice area sq. in.
- M = 3.845 Orifice area sq. in.
- N = 4.634 Orifice area sq. in.
- Q = 11.811 Orifice area sq. in.
- R = 17.123 Orifice area sq. in.

Technical Information

SV75 Safety Valves



Description

Spirax Sarco SV75 is a dependable cast bronze high capacity safety valve ideal for use on all types of boilers, piping systems and unfired pressure vessels.

These rugged safety valves feature a top guided design and patented “soft seat” for dramatically reduced seat leakage. Flow ratings are National Board certified in accordance with ASME Sections I and VIII.

Sizes and pipe connections

SV75

1/2" x 3/4" to 2-1/2" x 2-1/2"	Inlet screwed male NPT
	Outlet screwed female NPT

Limiting conditions for steam, air, and gas services

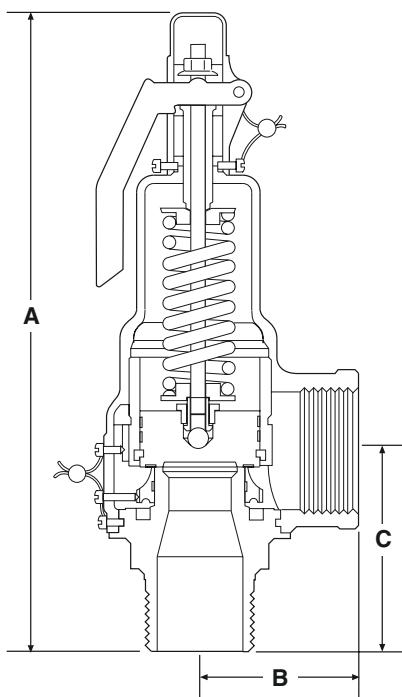
SV73

PMO - Maximum operating pressure	250 psig	(17 barg)
TMO - Maximum operating temperature	406°F	(208°C)

Materials of Construction

Part	SV75
Nozzle	Brass
Body	Bronze
Cap	Bronze
Disc	Brass

Dimensions and Weights (approximate) in inches and lbs



Orifice Designation	Size Inlet x Outlet	A	B	C	Weight
D	1/2" x 3/4"	6-1/2	1-5/8	2-1/8	1.50
D	3/4" x 3/4"	6-1/2	1-5/8	2-1/8	1.75
E	3/4" x 1"	7-1/2	1-3/4	2-3/8	2.5
E	1" x 1"	7-5/8	1-3/4	2-1/2	2.75
F	1" x 1-1/4"	8-1/2	2	2-5/8	3.5
F	1-1/4" x 1-1/4"	1-1/4	8-3/4	2	3.75
G	1-1/4" x 1-1/2"	9-5/8	2-3/8	3-1/8	5.5
G	1-1/2" x 1-1/2"	10	2-3/8	3-3/8	5.75
H	1-1/2" x 2"	10-5/8	2-3/4	3-5/8	7.75
H	2" x 2"	11-5/8	2-3/4	4-1/8	8.0
J	2" x 2-1/2"	13-5/8	3-3/8	4-1/4	15.5
J	2-1/2" x 2-1/2"	14	3-3/8	4-1/2	15.75

Selection and Sizing

Selection of a suitable valve will depend on:

Type of disposal system

For steam, air, or non-toxic gas where discharge is to atmosphere, either an open or closed bonnet with standard lifting lever is normally used.

For applications for gas where a discharge to atmosphere is not acceptable, a closed bonnet must be specified and a sealing bellows or diaphragm, gas tight cap, or sealed lever will be required.

For applications with known variable backpressure (i.e. common manifolds typically seen in the process industry) a balancing bellows type construction is required.

Valve construction

Safety valves for most general applications will be manufactured from bronze, cast iron, or steel for higher temperatures and pressures and have a separate seat ring (semi nozzle). This is the most common type of construction and is used for non-toxic, non-corrosive type media at moderate pressures. For particularly corrosive media or high temperatures, special materials of construction may be required.

Operating characteristic

Performance requirements vary according to application and required standards, therefore the valve must be selected accordingly. For steam boilers, a National Board Section I approved safety valve must be used. For unfired vessel application a National Board Section VIII approved safety valve is required.

Code or standard

Many safety valve applications require the valve to conform to a particular safety valve code or standard and have independent authority approval to guarantee conformance with the required standard.

Sizing a valve

Establish the maximum flowrate

This value must be the maximum possible for the system, for example at full boiler load or maximum possible valve capacity.

Establish the set pressure

The set pressure must be low enough to ensure that the maximum allowable accumulated pressure of the boiler, vessel or system it is protecting is not exceeded.

The set pressure must be high enough to ensure that there is sufficient margin above the normal system operating pressure to allow the valve to close. However, it must be no higher than the maximum allowable working pressure of the system.

For safety valves used downstream of pressure reducing valves it is essential to establish the pressure at no load since this may be significantly higher than the working pressure for a direct acting type valve.

Unless operational considerations dictate otherwise, the safety valve set pressure should always be significantly above the system operating pressure with plenty of margin allowed for blowdown. There is sometimes a temptation to set a safety valve just above the normal operating pressure, which can lead to poor shut-off and nuisance operation.

Select a suitable size safety valve

Once the type of valve, required flow, and set pressure is established, the correct size valve can be selected. For medias such as steam and air, published capacity charts are usually quite sufficient to select the correct size safety valve. That is one whose capacity just exceeds the required capacity at the desired overpressure. Where sizing charts are not available or do not cater to the particular fluid or conditions, then the minimum required flow area will need to be calculated and a valve with a larger flow area chosen.

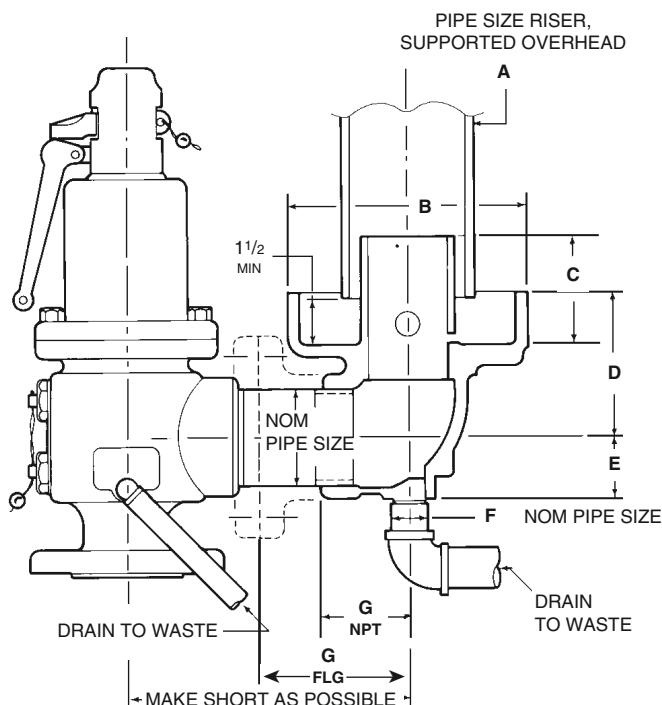
Installation, operation and maintenance guidelines

Drip Pan Elbows

The use of a drip pan elbow is highly recommended for the steam service safety valves. When attached to the valve outlet, these elbows collect and remove condensate as well as isolate the valve from discharge piping stresses.

Elbows through 4" feature female NPT threads and connect to the valve outlet using a short nipple of an appropriate pipe size. 6" and 8" elbows have integral ANSI 125 flanges and bolt directly to the valve outlet.

Select the drip pan elbow model to match the outlet size of the safety valve.



Dimensions

Size	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Weight
1-1/4"	2.0	5.5	2.4	4.1	1.4	.375	2.1	5.0 lb
1-1/2"	51	140	61	104	36	10	53	2.3 kg
2"	3	6.25	2.4	3.6	1.6	.5	2.25	6.5 lb
	76	159	61	92	41	13	57	3.0 kg
2-1/2"	3.5/4	7.4	3.0	4.3	1.9	.75	2.7	11.0 lb
	89/102	188	76	109	48	19	69	5.0 kg
3"	4	8	3.5	4.9	2.3	.75	3.1	14.5 lb
	102	203	89	124	58	19	79	6.6 kg
4"	6	9.6	4.5	5.75	2.9	.75	3.75	27.0 lb
	152	244	114	146	74	19	95	12.2 kg
6"	8	12.75	6.6	7.6	4.2	.75	8	60.0 lb
	203	324	168	193	107	19	203	27.2 kg
8"	10	16.5	7.5	9.6	5.4	1.0	10.75	102.0 lb
	254	419	191	244	137	25	273	46.3 kg

Planning your Installation

Install the SV7 safety valve upright with the spindle vertical. ASME Section I models must be connected to the boiler independent of any other connection and as close to the boiler or normal steam flow path as possible without unnecessary intervening pipe or fittings. Make sure any intervening pipe or fitting is not longer than the face-to-face dimension of the corresponding tee fitting of the same diameter and pressure rating.

For ASME Section VIII service, the valve should not be connected to vessel in the vapor space which is to be protected. The connection between the valve and boiler or vessel shall have an area at least equal to the valve inlet. (Stop valves are not permitted between the vessel and safety/relief valve and the discharge to atmosphere except per ASME VIII UG-135(e).

Discharge lines from the pressure relieving device shall be at least the same size as the valve outlet and as short and direct as possible. Discharge lines shall prevent liquid from collecting in the discharge side of the valve and must be directed to a safe discharge area. The valve body drain and vent holes must not be plugged. Consider both the weight of the discharge pipe and the reaction forces generated by discharging. Adequately supported discharge piping relieves stress on the valve. (A Spirax Sarco drip pan elbow is an ideal choice).

Remember to free the valve of all packaging materials and remove dirt, sediment, and scale from mounting flanges and nozzles prior to installation. The use of proper handling equipment will prevent damage to the flange facings or misalignment of internal components caused by rough handling.

Do not use the test lever to hoist the valve during installation.

Note: These are general guidelines only, and it is the responsibility of the user to ensure the installation is in accordance with ASME Code and jurisdictional requirements.

Scheduled Maintenance

SV7 Series safety valves are 100% tested and then sealed to prevent unauthorized adjustment or repair.

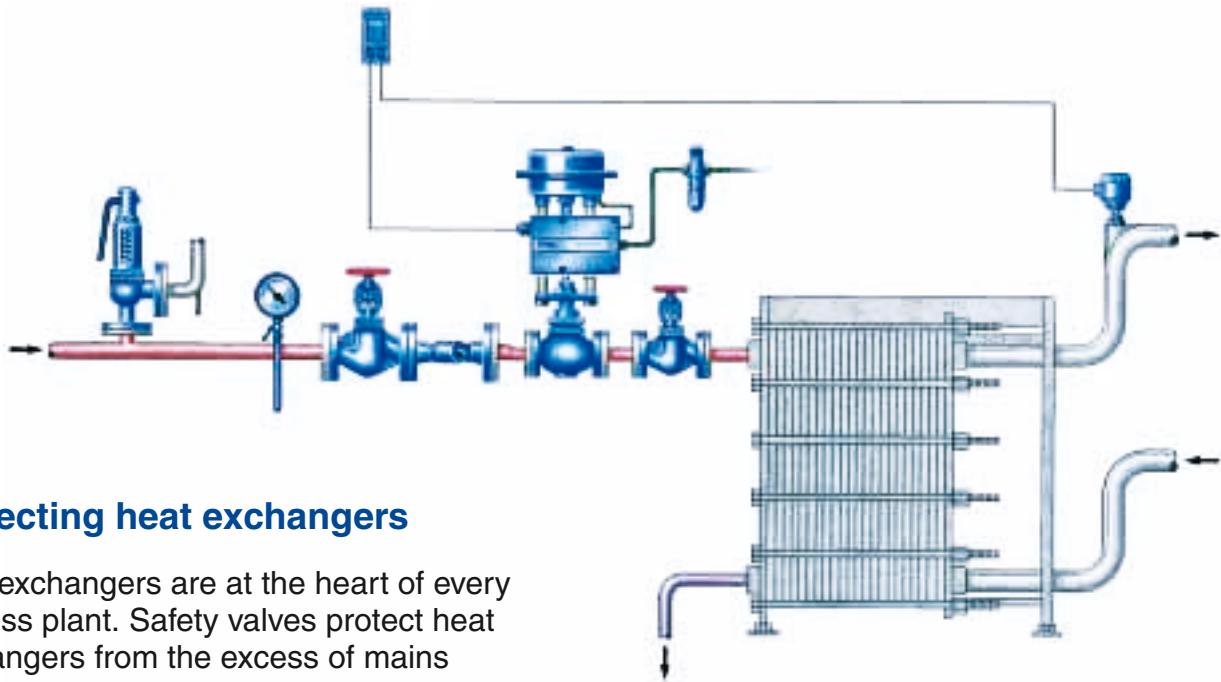
All warranties are void if seal is broken.

Valves should be inspected regularly to assure continued safe operation and long service life. A visual inspection is recommended at two month intervals while in service, followed by a complete pressure test at least once per year. Pressure testing prior to bringing down the boiler or system is suggested so that needed service or repairs can be made if required.

These valves can be operated manually by means of the test lever when the system pressure is at least 75% of set pressure, or the system pressure may be increased until the valve operates.

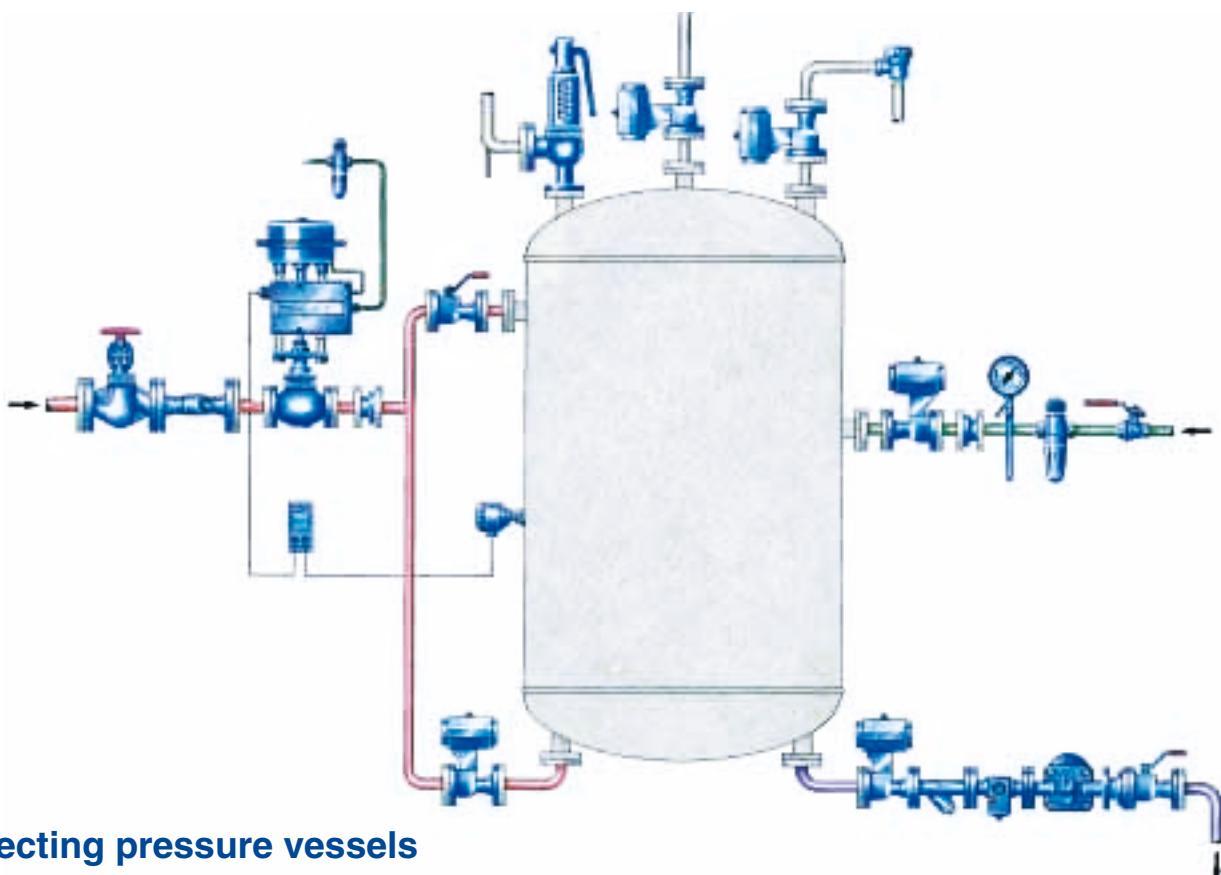
Any valve that fails to open at the nameplate set pressure or fails to open or close properly must be removed from the vessel for replacement or repair. Never attempt to stop leakage by compressing the spring or gagging the valve! For resetting, adjustment, or repairs contact Spirax Sarco for the name of Authorized Blue Tag centers who are familiar with the servicing of our safety valves.

Typical applications



Protecting heat exchangers

Heat exchangers are at the heart of every process plant. Safety valves protect heat exchangers from the excess of mains distribution pressure.

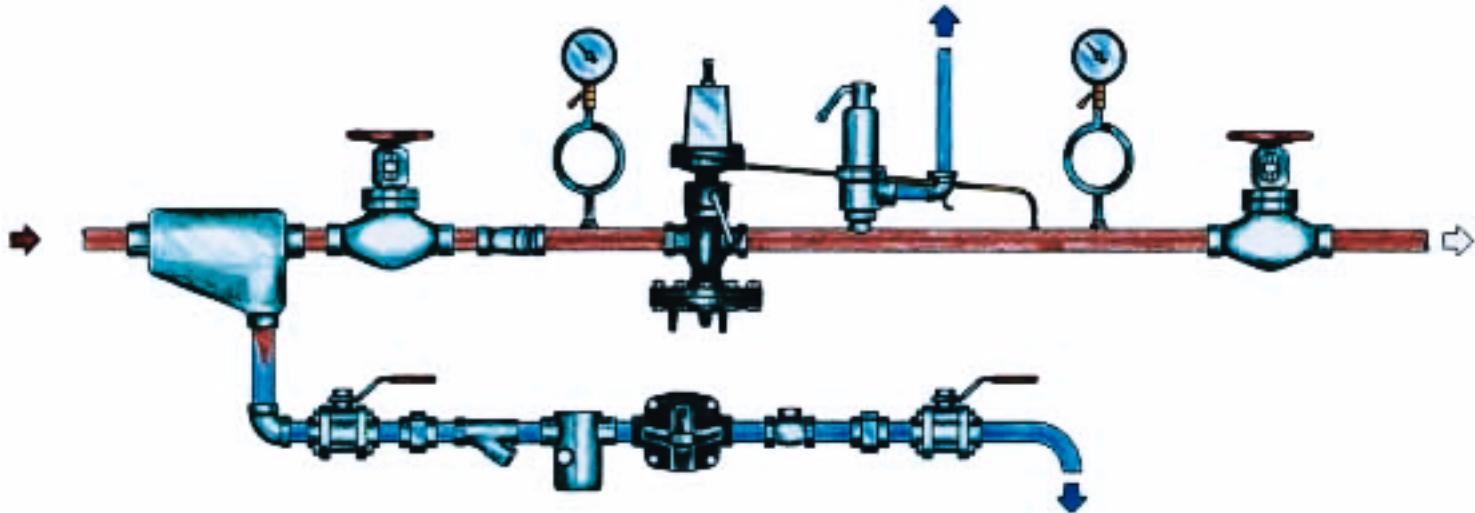


Protecting pressure vessels

Canning retorts, which are used within the food industry for cooking and sterilizing, are typical examples of pressure vessels which must conform to stringent safety standards. Safety valves ensure the safe working pressure of such vessels is never exceeded.

Pressure Reducing Stations

The downstream safety valve protects the upper limits of process pressure to keep the plant safe should the reducing station fail for any reason.



Other potential Spirax Sarco Safety Valve applications

- air service
- autoclaves
- chemical plants
- compressors
- continuous bypass duty
- critical blowdown
- food industry
- heat exchangers
- heating and ventilation industry
- pharmaceutical
- pipeline protection
- pressure vessels
- pulp and paper mills
- receiver protection
- refineries
- steam boilers
- steam processing equipment
- steam service receivers and storage vessels
- steam thermal expansion relief tanks
- variable back pressures
- vessel protections